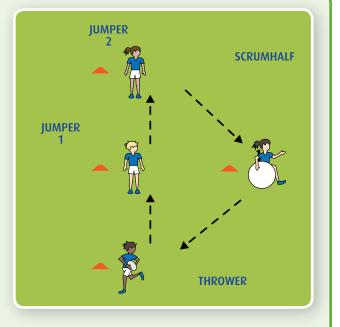


- Split into groups of 4 with one person on the sideline, one on the 5 metre cone and one on the 10 metre cone. The last person positions to the side of the lineout.
- 2 On the call, "GO!", the player on the sideline (Thrower) will throw the ball "soccer style" to the player on the 5 metre cone (Jumper 1). Jumper 1 will pass to the side of the lineout (Scrumhalf) and the Scrumhalf will pass back to the Thrower. The Thrower then throws to the player on the 10 metre cone (Jumper 2), who passes to the Scrumhalf. The Scrumhalf moves with the ball and becomes the Thrower for Round 2. The Thrower becomes Jumper 1, Jumper 1 becomes Jumper 2, and Jumper 2 becomes the Scrumhalf.



3 The winner is the team that completes the activity the quickest with every player back in the position they started in.

(aller)	www.rookierugby.ca
CHECK & CORRECT	Lineout throwing is a skill that is developed over time. Encourage players to use traditional rugby passing until their overhead throws have improved.
EXTENSIONS	<ol> <li>Increase the distance of the two jumpers.</li> <li>Add a 3rd player to the lineout to become Jumper 3</li> <li>The instructor can call out which jumper to throw to on various rounds to help playe react quickly.</li> </ol>
MODIFICATIONS	<ol> <li>Decrease the distance of the two jumpers.</li> <li>If players are unable to reach Jumper 2 on the second cone, reduce the teams to 3 players and remove the second jumper.</li> </ol>